

# **DePaul Corporate Compliance**

## **Whistleblower Protections and Non-Retaliation Policy**

### **Purpose:**

DePaul (sometimes referred to as “Organization” or “the Organization”) is committed to promoting an environment where concerns regarding known or suspected fraud, waste, and abuse; illegal or unethical acts; actual or suspected violations of Federal or State laws and regulations; actual or suspected violations of the Standards of Conduct, the Compliance Program, and DePaul’s policies and procedures; improper acts in the delivery or billing of services; and other wrongdoing (collectively referred to as “compliance concerns” for purposes of this Policy) are reported and addressed without fear of retaliation, intimidation, retribution or harassment for good faith reporting of such concerns. To reinforce this commitment, DePaul maintains a policy of non-intimidation and non-retaliation for good faith participation in the Compliance Program, including but not limited to reporting potential issues and compliance concerns, investigating issues, self-evaluations, audits and remedial actions, and reporting to appropriate officials as provided in the Labor Law.

For purposes of this Policy, the “Affected Individuals” includes all persons who are affected by the required provider’s risk areas including the required provider’s employees, the chief executive and other senior administrators, managers, contractors, agents, subcontractors, independent contractors, and governing body and corporate officers.

### **Policy:**

It is the policy of DePaul to strictly prohibit any form of retaliation or intimidation against Affected Individuals or entities, for reporting compliance concerns.

DePaul strictly prohibits Affected Individuals from engaging in any act, conduct, or behavior that results in, or is intended to result in, retribution, intimidation or retaliation against any individual or entity for reporting compliance concerns to DePaul or a government agency.

No DePaul supervisor, manager, or employee is permitted to discharge, demote, suspend, threaten, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against an employee, vendor, contractor, or other individual or organization (all such activity collectively referred to as “retaliation”) who in good faith participates in the Compliance Program, including but not limited to reporting potential compliance concerns, investigating or participating in an investigation, self-evaluations, audits, and reporting to the appropriate officials.

### **Regulatory References:**

Social Service Law 363-D

18 NYCRR Part 521

New York Labor Law §740 and §741 (refer to Procedures)

## Procedures:

1. If an Affected Individual, vendor, or service recipient believes in good faith that they have been retaliated against for reporting a compliance concern or for participating in any investigation of such a report, the retaliation should immediately be reported to the Compliance Officer or the Compliance Hotline. The report should include a thorough account of the incident(s) and should include the names, dates, specific events, the names of any witnesses, and the location or name of any document that supports the alleged retaliation.
2. Knowledge of a violation or potential violation of this Policy must be reported directly to the Compliance Officer or the Compliance Hotline.
3. Any employee who believes they are subjected to retaliation, intimidation, harassment, discrimination, or an adverse employment consequence must immediately report the actions to the Compliance Officer or Human Resource Vice President.
4. The Compliance Officer will implement this Policy and take appropriate actions in response to the whistleblower's complaint of retaliation based on the nature of the report. Legal counsel will be consulted, if appropriate.
5. The Compliance Officer will investigate all reports of retaliation in accordance with the Reporting and Investigation of Compliance Concerns Policy and report results to the Vice President of Human Resources, the Chief Legal Officer and the President.
6. The President or designee will investigate any report that the Compliance Officer is engaging in intimidation or retaliation.
7. The Compliance Officer will provide information on each report of retaliation and any actions taken to the Compliance Committee and the Board of Directors.
8. The right of the reporter to protection against retaliation does not include immunity for any personal wrongdoing that is alleged and investigated.
9. Any Affected Individual who commits or condones any form of retaliation will be subject to discipline up to, and including, termination.
10. The Compliance Officer will ensure this Policy is disseminated to all Affected Individuals and that these individuals have received relevant training in accordance with DePaul's training plan.

## Further Information Regarding Employee Protections

### I. ***New York Labor Law §740***

An employer may not take any retaliatory personnel action against an employee if the employee discloses information about the employer's policies, practices, or activities to a regulatory, law enforcement, or other similar agency or public official.

This law offers protection to an employee who:

- Discloses, or threatens to disclose, to a supervisor or to a public body an activity, policy, or practice of the employer that is in violation of law, rule, or regulation that presents a substantial and specific danger to the public health or safety;
- Provides information to, or testifies before, any public body conducting an investigation, hearing, or inquiry into any such violation of a law, rule, or regulation by the employer; or
- Objects to, or refuses to participate in, any such activity, policy, or practice in violation of a law, rule, or regulation.

The employee's disclosure is protected under this law only if the employee first brought up the matter with a supervisor and gave the employer a reasonable opportunity to correct the alleged violation, with certain exceptions. The law allows employees who are the subject of a retaliatory action to bring a suit in State court for reinstatement to the same, or an equivalent position, any lost back wages and benefits and attorneys' fees.

More information can be found at <http://public.leginfo.state.ny.us/lawssrch.cgi?NVLWO%20:> under LAB-Labor.

## II. ***New York Labor Law §741***

Under this law, a healthcare employer may not take any retaliatory action against an employee if the employee discloses certain information about the employer's policies, practices, or activities to a regulatory, law enforcement, or other similar agency or public official. Protected disclosures are those that assert that, in good faith, the employee believes constitute improper quality of patient care or improper quality of workplace safety.

This law offers protection to an employee who:

- Discloses or threatens to disclose to a supervisor, to a public body, to a news media outlet, or to a social media forum available to the public at large, an activity, policy, or practice of the employer or agent that the employee, in good faith, reasonably believes constitutes improper quality of patient care or improper quality of workplace safety; or
- Objects to or refuses to participate in any activity, policy, or practice of the employer or agent that the employee, in good faith, reasonably believes constitutes improper quality of patient care or improper quality of workplace safety.

The employee's disclosure is protected under this law only if the employee first brought up the matter with a supervisor and gave the employer a reasonable opportunity to correct the alleged violation, unless the danger is imminent to the public or patient and the employee believes in good faith that reporting to a supervisor would not result in corrective action. Certain exceptions apply. If the employer takes a retaliatory action against the employee, the employee may sue in State court for reinstatement to the same or an equivalent position, any lost back wages and benefits, and attorneys' fees. If the employer is a healthcare provider and the court finds that the employer's retaliatory action was in bad faith, it may impose a civil penalty of \$10,000 on the employer.

More information can be found at: <http://public.leginfo.state.ny.us/lawssrch.cgi?NVLWO%20:> under LAB-Labor.

**Sanction Statement:**

Non-compliance with this policy may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

**Compliance Statement:**

As part of its ongoing auditing and monitoring process in its Compliance Program, DePaul will review this policy based on changes in the law or regulations, as DePaul's practices change, and, at minimum, on an annual basis. Additionally, this policy will be tested for effectiveness on an annual basis or more frequently as identified in accordance with DePaul's Compliance Program. Testing will include but is not limited to ensuring that the policy is appropriately followed; the policy is effective; the policy has been disseminated to all Affected Individuals, as well as notified of any updates or changes.

Tracking of the criteria above and results of this testing will be completed by the Compliance Officer, or designee. Additionally, results will be reported to the Compliance Committee and Governing Body on a regular basis.

**Record Retention Statement:**

DePaul will retain this policy and all subsequent revisions, and any related documentation will be retained for a period of, at minimum, six years.